PRICE TWO CENTS.

Must Answer Our Demands by Nov. 28th.

A DEFINITE OFFER.

Our Commissioners Tender \$20,000, 000 as Compensation for Islands.

TO MAINTAIN AN OPEN DOOR.

For a Term of Years Spain's Ships will be Admitted to the Commerce of as Our Own-A Mutual Refor Indemnity.

ELINQUISH CLAIMS.

ceive from the Spanish Commissioners on or before Monday, the 2th instant, definite and final acceptance of the proposals made as to the Philippines, in connection also with the demands as to Cuba, Porto Rico and the other Spanish islands of the West Indies and Guam, in the form in which these demands have been provisionally sured. In this event it will be possible for the joint commissions to continue their sessions and to proceed to the consideration and adjustment of other matters, including those which are substituty and incidental to the principal previsions, and should form

OCCUPATION POSTPONED.

It is Impracticable to Send Troops to Cienfuegos Before January 1st. impracticable to occupy Clenfuegos be-fore the ist of January, and Major-Gen-eral Wilson, communding the First Corps who was designated to occupy Clenfue-gos, has been directed to make such dis-

position of the troops that were about to sail us in his judgment will best serve the interests or the army. A short time ago a brigade under command of General Snyder was ordered to

STRIKE IN AUGUSTA.

The Operatives in Three of the Largest Cotton Mills Go Out-

ATLANTA, GA., November 2

A WESTERN BLIZZARD.

Sleet and Snow do Much Damage and

A Sword for Hobson.

A Sword for Hobson.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA., November 21.—
A special to the News frein Mentgemery
says: The Alabama House of Representatives real and railfied to-day a John
resolution appropriating 1500 to buy a
sword for Lieutenant Hobson, of Merrimae fame. The Samte is expected to
concur in the resolution.

CAMP WIKOFF SHOWS UP BADLY

Witnesses Tastify as to the Poor Arrangements There for Comfort of the Sick.

NEW YORK, Nov. 21.—Major F. J. Ives, chief surseon of the Third or Pro-visional Division, of the Fifth Army Corps, was the first witnes before the War Investigating Commission to-day. His evidence summed up, is as follows: "My personal opinion is that the army was well applied in the commission towas well equipped in every respect, ex-cept that at times there were not enough ambulances and at times there was a lack of medical supplies. I hever knew a time when, if a surgeon took the trouble to hustle for medicine that he failed to get all that was needed. When I wished supplies I mounted my horse and rode after them, and when I could ot get things which were not at head-warters I bought them with the per-

INCOMPETENT HELP. Dr. Louis A. Stinson, of New York, testified in regard to conditions at Camp Wiker. He said the surgeons told him Whom He said the surgeons told him they suffered from the lack of competent male help. The witness criticised the system prevailing at the hospitals, which allowed patients to leave before they

Continued on Second Page.)

AS A CREDIT ON VIRGINIA'S DEBT.

State for Army Supplies

District Illegally Filled.

SECOND VIRGINIA MAY FIGHT. NINE RESIDENCES INVOLVED.

In Case the Reports from Paris of Breach of Peace Negotiations is Correct Its Officer's Ambition May Yet Be Realized - The

AGUINALDO INDIGNANT.

He Resents General Merritt's Reply to the Arraignment of the Junta,

LONDON, Nov. 21.—Agonellio, the agen of Aguinaldo, with bis advisors, returned

A COLORED MAN CLAIMS HOUSES.

Says He Owns Property

Court To-Morrow.

Hoge's Church Before the War, is Fronts on Chimborazo Park, Wife and Childred Deed-

Several years ago, however, some member of his family informed him that the property had been sold, and soon thereafter he had the matter looked into.

PROPERTY DEEDED AWAY.

From his investigation he learned that in the year lest his wife and children had sold the property to Joseph Allard and executed the deed to him, in which they described thramelyes as the holrs at-law of Dorcas Bolt, deceased. That was a great surprise to James, and he immediately employed counsel to recover his property, a portion of which Mr. Allard had sold to Mr. B. F. W. Carter.

James Bolt is a typical colored man of the old scheel—one of the kind pictured by Polk Miller in his lectures and writings. He has a vivid recollection of many of the old scheel—one of the kind pictured by Polk Miller in his lectures and writings. He has a vivid recollection of many of the older citizens of Bechmond, and recalls with pleasure such persons as Robert A. Mayo, William Rowlett and others, for whom he worked when a young man He remembers Dr. Hoge as a young man and recalls his first sermon in the church of which the Doctor is now the pastor. He insists on styling Dr. Hoge as "Mr." Hoge, whom he knew when he was a student. He met Dr. Hoge in New York several years ast, who recognized him at once and had a very pleasant conversation with him.

VISITED DR. HOGE.

He called at Dr. Hoge's residence yesterday to see the Doctor and sent up his name. The Boctar could not see him but sent word that he remembered him well and would like very much to talk with him and requested that he call again.

James was for some time one of the

again.

James was for some-time one of the sextons at Dr. Hoge's church, and from there was given the place as sextion at the Third Presbyterian church on Twenty-fifth and Broad streets, which place he held in 1865, at the time he left Virginia.

of a Spanish saying and he may, like the Spanish, and his error when it is too late.

"I am afraid the Filiphos will never again submit to the yoke of a colonial government. Rather than live again as slaves they will fight to the bitter end in defence of their rights and freedom. My instructions are to claim the recognition of their independence."

"What do the Filiphos think of the American proposal to purchase the islands?" Agoncilio was asked.

"The opinion of the Filipho government cannot be favorable to it." he answered. "as they cannot allow themselves to be bought and sold like merchandise. But if the object of the moderate indemnity is that their recognition and peace be established I don't see why, perhaps, the matter should not be submitted to their consideration."

Agginia.

James reached the city last Saturday and has been visiting among his old friends and acquaintances, many of whom knew him as a boy, and several of whom remembered distinctly also his father. Thornton Bell, and his grand-mother, Dorcas. He has a half-brother living here, who is now approaching eighty years of age, and who had not seen James for over a quarter of a century. When they met each other Saturday and has been visiting among his old friends and acquaintances, many of whom knew him as a boy, and several of whom knew him as a boy, and several of whom knew him as a boy, and several of whom knew him as a boy, and several of whom knew him as a boy, and several of whom knew him as a boy, and several of whom knew him as a boy, and several of whom knew him as a boy, and several of whom knew him as a boy, and several of whom knew him as a boy, and several of whom knew him as a boy, and several of whom knew him as a boy, and several of whom knew him as a boy, and several of whom knew him as a boy, and several of whom knew him as a boy, and several of whom knew him as a boy, and several of whom knew him as a boy, and several of whom knew him as a boy, and several of whom knew him as a boy, and several of whom knew him as a boy, and

THE WHITEHEAD CANNON CASE.

T. Retain Money Due the Old Fashioned Darkey The Investigation Taking a Wide Scope.

CLERKLESS COURTS. IS HERE TO TESTIFY. ADDITIONAL CHARGES

Two of the Offices in Eastern Virginia | Case Comes Up in the Law and Equity | Rev. W. P. Wright Gives the Committee More Work.

WHAT CANNON'S DEFENCE IS.

or What Its Finding

RIGHT TO REPLY.

Mr. Cannon asked if the person complained against would have the right to reply to the charges before the committee, and was answered by the chair in the affirmative. Mr. Cannon then asked an explanation of the charges, as the letter he had reselved from Dr. Whitehead contained uncharitable, un-Christian, and untrithful charges against himself and other ministers. He desired to know if charges of immorality were implied or churges of immorality were implied of

charged.

Dr. Whitehead said that he had stated the charges in the notice which he had served on Mr. Cannon.

Mr. Cannon here again took the floor, but was interrupted by Rev. A. C. Carroll, who arose to a point of order that the discussion was out or order.

The Bishop realised: "I am granting the accused all possible lentency."

Mr. Cannon quickly replied: "I do not accept it as a favor. I claim that it is my right."

The Bishop said: "I grant that you have the right."

Rev. W. P. Wright asked to be named as joint complainant with Dr. Whitehead on the charges against Mr. Cannon.

Rev. A. G. Brown's motion to refer the whole matter to a committee was adopted.

DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

PORTSMOUTH, VA., Nov. ZI.—Special.

Conference met according to adjournment with Bishop Hargrove in the chair.

ment with Bishop Hargrove in the chair, services conducted by Rev. W. W. Royall. The following were admitted on trial; William Lewis, T. S. Leith, W. H. Stone, C. H. Early, James E. McCullough, D. L. Merrett, R. L. Busby, W. L. Murphy, J. F. Carey, W. G. Burch and H. W. Dunkley.

The Committee on Recommendation in the Whitehead-Cannon case was granted leave to meet during the session of the Conference. When the name of W. L. Murphy was reached in the call for admission on trial, J. H. Amiss asked the Conference to consider whether any more ministers were in need in the Conference, especially married men.

report showing total receipts of \$4,291.41.
total expenditures, \$2,833.35.
W. W. Vichr from the Preachers' Relief Society made a report showing receipts to be \$17,293.47; expenditures, \$16,199.37.

The Committee on Publishing Interests recommended Dr. J. J. Lafferty and Rev. H. M. Hope to be editors of the Chris-

TRUE BILL AGAINST QUAY.

He Was Indicted Yesterday for the Unlawful Use of State Money.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 21.-The grand

A NEW COMMISSION.

The President Asked to Recommend One for the Study of Yellow Fever.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 2L-Prestdent McKinley was visited to-day by a committee from the American Public committee from the American Public Health Association, and asked to repeat his recommendation of last year, that a bacteriological commission he created for the purpose of studying the cause and prevention of yellow fever, the commission to go direct to Cuba to do its work. The committee was composed of Dr. H. B. Holheck, Charleston, Surgeon-General G. M. Sternberg, Washington, Dr. C.; Dr. C. P. Wilkinson, New Orleans; Dr. S. H. Durgin, Roston; Dr. Josiah Hartwell, Canton; Pr. A. H. Boty, New York; Dr. J. Y. Porter, Jacksonville.

The President one year ago in his measure of the commission of four expert bacteriologists be appointed to conduct a systematic examination. The

Pana Under Martial Law. SPRINGFIELD, ILL., Nov. 21.-Gov ynor Tanner to-night issued a proclama

GENERAL GARCIA HAS ARRIVED.

He is Going to Washington to Try to Better Cuban Conditions and Arrange the Customs.

NEW YORK, Nov. 21.-General Garcia and the other Cuban delegates from the Cuban Assembly, who are en route to Washington for the purpose of Laying hefore President McKinley a resulution adopted by the assembly as to the future of the Island of Cuba, arrived here

of whom remembered distinctly also his father. Thornton Bell, and his grant-marked the findependence of their rights and freedom. My instructions are to claim the recognition of their independence but the plants of the American and the September 1 of the September 2 of the leisand of Cuba, arrived her General Gardia, when seen on the General Gardia, when seen on the General Gardia, when seen on the September 1 of the September 2 of the September 2 of the September 3 of the

NEGRO REGIMENT IN GUARD HOUSE.

The Entire Sixth Virginia

in Disgrace.

ARRESTED, DISARMED

Disciplined by the Third Regiment of

GUARDED BY OTHER TROOPS.

Engineers.

They Have Instructions to Shoot Any Man Who Attempts to Make His Escape-They Were Riotous from the Time They

No sooner had Col. Croxton's black war-

After midnight Sunday morning eight, members of the Sixth, armed with

ments of white solders stationed nero to furnish all the men needed to suppress the three entire negro regiments here if the others were to show bad temper, ioc. DISCHARGED WITHOUT PAY. There is a generally credited rumor that General Wilson will do his best to have the nearoes discharged without pay, as he is credited with saying that the Sixth has proven itself unit for mili-

the Sixth has proven itself unit for miltary duty.

It is also hinted that several of the
mutineers may have to be shot for the
good of the service.

It is known postively that General
Wilson telegraphed to Washington for
instructions, but what he has suggested,
if anything, can only be conjectured lere.

To-night the Tenth Immunes, also negroes, are assisting the Second Ohio. To-night the Tenth Immunes, also negroes, are assisting the Second Ohio, whites in guarding the Sixth Virginia.

The guards are under orders to shoot the first man who gives the least provo-

COLONEL CROXTON'S OFINION. Colonel Croxton is sure there will be no more disorderly conduct. He has lit-tle to say, except to express regrets He inclines to the opinion that if he had been sustained by white officers instead of negroes his men could have been much better handled, as they have no respect for shouldes areas, were here.

setter handled, as they have no respect for shoulder straps worn by men of their It has been frequently noticed, even during the negroes' short stay here, that when they come to town with negro officers the officers and men curse and abuse each other with greatest familiarity, the officers not even trying to command respect.

DISORDERLY OFFICERS. DISORDERLY OFFICERS.

In the mutiny the white provost guards say some of the negro officers were almost as bad as the privates themselves and seemed to regard it as a race mater. In which the negro soldiers had a right to avenge the lynching of one of their own color-regardles of circumstances or time when.

This, however, cannot be said of all the negro officers, most of whom, though powerless, were anxious to quell the disturbance.
One of General Wilson's staff remarked

One of General Wilson's staff remarked

The prevailing opinion among the corps of officers here seems to be that the ne-groes in this regiment are unfit material for soldiers, but this statement is not